IN THE CLAIMS:

This Listing of Claims replaces all prior Listings and versions of claims in the aboveidentified application.

Listing of Claims:

- 1. (Original) A vaccine adjuvant, comprising:
 - a) an agent that increases interleukin-15 (IL-15) activity; and,
 - b) an agent that decreases interleukin-2 (IL-2) activity.
- 2. (Original) The vaccine adjuvant of Claim 1, wherein said agent that increases IL-15 activity is an agent that increases IL-15 receptor activity without enhancing IL-2 receptor activity.
- 3. (Original) The vaccine adjuvant of Claim 2, wherein said agent that increases IL-15 activity is IL-15 or a homologue of IL-15 that has IL-15 biological activity.
- 4. (Withdrawn) The vaccine adjuvant of Claim 2, wherein said agent that increases IL-15 activity is an antibody that selectively binds to and activates an IL-15 receptor and does not substantially bind to and activate an IL-2 receptor.
- 5. (Withdrawn) The vaccine adjuvant of Claim 2, wherein said agent selectively binds to IL-15R α .
- 6. (Withdrawn) The vaccine adjuvant of Claim 1, wherein said agent that increases IL-15 activity is an agent that binds to and increases the half-life of IL-15.
- 7. (Withdrawn) The vaccine adjuvant of Claim 1, wherein said agent that increases IL-15 activity is a recombinant nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleic acid sequence encoding IL-15 or a homologue of IL-15 that has IL-15 biological activity.
- 8. (Withdrawn) The vaccine adjuvant of Claim 1, wherein said agent that increases IL-15 activity is an agent that binds to a regulatory region of a gene encoding IL-15 and increases transcription of said gene encoding IL-15.
- 9. (Original) The vaccine adjuvant of Claim 1, wherein said agent that decreases IL-2 activity is an antibody that selectively binds to IL-2 and blocks IL-2, eliminates IL-2 or prevents the interaction of IL-2 with its receptor.

- 10. (Withdrawn) The vaccine adjuvant of Claim 1, wherein said agent that decreases IL-2 activity is a compound that binds to and degrades IL-2.
- 11. (Withdrawn) The vaccine adjuvant of Claim 1, wherein said agent that decreases IL-2 activity is a compound that blocks or decreases the activity of IL-2 receptors without blocking or decreasing the activity of IL-15 receptors.
- 12. (Withdrawn) The vaccine adjuvant of Claim 11, wherein said agent selectively binds to IL-2R α .
- 13. (Withdrawn) The vaccine adjuvant of Claim 1, wherein said agent that decreases IL-2 activity is an antisense nucleic acid molecule that hybridizes to a gene encoding IL-2 under high stringency conditions and inhibits the expression of IL-2.
- 14. (Original) The vaccine adjuvant of Claim 1, further comprising a delivery vehicle that targets memory T lymphocytes.
- 15. (Original) The vaccine adjuvant of Claim 14, wherein said delivery vehicle comprises an antibody that selectively binds to a cell surface molecule expressed by memory T lymphocytes.
- 16. (Currently Amended) A vaccine <u>that elicits an immune response against a vaccinating antigen</u>, comprising:
 - a) the vaccine adjuvant of Claim 1; and
 - b) a vaccinating antigen.
- 17. (Original) The vaccine of Claim 16, wherein said vaccinating antigen is selected from the group consisting of: a tumor antigen and an antigen from an infectious disease pathogen.
- 18. (Withdrawn) A method to increase T lymphocyte memory against an antigen, comprising administering to an animal the vaccine of Claim 16.
- 19. (Withdrawn) A method to increase T lymphocyte memory comprising administering to an animal a composition comprising an agent that increases IL-15 activity and an agent that decreases IL-2 activity.
- 20. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 19, wherein said step of administering increases the activity or survival of CD25⁺ T cells in said animal.

- 21. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 19, wherein said composition is administered to a site of a vaccination in said animal.
- 22. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 19, further comprising administering to said animal an antigen against which T lymphocyte memory is to be induced.
- 23. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 19, wherein said agent that increases IL-15 activity is IL-15 or a homologue of IL-15 that has IL-15 biological activity.
- 24. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 19, wherein said agent that increases IL-15 activity is an antibody that selectively binds to and activates an IL-15 receptor and does not substantially bind to and activate an IL-2 receptor.
- 25. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 24, wherein said agent selectively binds to IL-15R α .
- 26. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 19, wherein said agent that increases IL-15 activity is an agent that binds to and increases the half-life of IL-15.
- 27. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 19, wherein said agent that increases IL-15 activity is a recombinant nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleic acid sequence encoding IL-15 or a homologue of IL-15 that has IL-15 biological activity.
- 28. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 19, wherein said agent that increases IL-15 activity is an agent that binds to a regulatory region of a gene encoding IL-15 and increases transcription of said gene encoding IL-15.
- 29. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 19, wherein said agent that decreases IL-2 activity is an antibody that selectively binds to IL-2 and blocks IL-2, eliminates IL-2 or prevents the interaction of IL-2 with its receptor.
- 30. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 19, wherein said agent that decreases IL-2 activity is a compound that binds to and degrades IL-2.
- 31. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 19, wherein said agent that decreases IL-2 activity is a compound that blocks or decreases the activity of IL-2 receptors without blocking or decreasing the activity of IL-15 receptors.
- 32. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 31, wherein said agent selectively binds to IL- $2R\alpha$.

33. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 19, wherein said agent that decreases IL-2 activity is an antisense nucleic acid molecule that hybridizes to a gene encoding IL-2 under high stringency conditions and inhibits the expression of IL-2.

34-51. (Cancelled)